

# The Daily Graphic

23D YEAR--No. 6,947.

WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 7, 1890.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

## LOCAL WEATHER FORECAST.

For the District of Columbia, Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland and Virginia, fair, with a change to inclement; entirely winds.

## Stylish Dressers

THE majority of the stylishly dressed young men and boys in this city get their clothing of us. If there is a man or boy in your family who needs clothing or furnishings of any kind they certainly ought to see OUR line before purchasing.

We have the choicest collection of ARTISTIC styles that we have ever seen in our FORTY YEARS of experience. Garments that are beyond comparison with any other READY-MADE goods in the city.

Our stock of dress and play suits for boys of all ages is full and complete. All the new fabrics in long pants suits and two and three piece short pants suits of the latest designs at extremely moderate prices.

Shall we have the pleasure of showing them to you?

B. Robinson & Co.,

## AMERICAN OUTFITTERS.

909 PA. AVE. N. W.

## 154 MAJORITY

NOT ENOUGH REPUBLICANS FOR HOUSE COMMITTEES.

SENATE WILL STAND 43 DEM. 45 REP.

Some Opinions as to What Caused Tuesday's Cyclone.

MR. SPRINGER EASILY ACCOUNTS FOR IT.

Ex Senator McDonald Says Reed Did It. Joe Cannon is Rather Mixed--What To-Day's Dispatches Tell.

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-FOUR THAT WILL BE THE DEMOCRATIC MAJORITY IN THE HOUSE.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—From the latest returns it appears that the Senate after March 4, 1891, will stand 42 Democrats, 45 Republicans, with one seat from New Hampshire in doubt. The House will have a Democratic majority of 154.

KANSAS.

A BIG MAJORITY IN THE LEGISLATURE AGAINST INEQUALITY.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 7.—The Legislature is now apparently against the reelection of Senator Ingalls by fifteen votes at least, and possibly twenty-four.

MINNESOTA.

BOTH SIDES STILL CLAIM THE STATE--WHAT THE FIGURES TELL.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 7.—Official and unofficial returns from all except seven counties in the State give Merriam (Rep.) 73,628, Wilson (Dem.) 73,348. Both parties still claim the State. The Republicans by 1,000 and the Democrats by 600. Halvorson (Farmers' Alliance) is probably elected to Congress in the Fifth district, and Baker (Dem. F. A.) claims his election in the Eleventh. The Congressional delegation will stand Democrats 9, Alliance 2.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

HOW THE STATE LEGISLATURE WILL STAND--DEMOCRATIC ALARM.

CONCORD, N. H., Nov. 7.—The Democratic State Committee gives the following figures on Representatives: Democrats, 100; Republicans, 188. If members from closed towns are excluded, Democrats will have 107 and the Republicans 179. Should those elected conditionally be not admitted to seats, Republicans will have 132, Democrats 154.

The Democrats claim the 132 should be made up of Representatives from closed towns, excluding those chosen conditionally in which case they will have 175 and the Republicans 161. At a conference of prominent Democrats last night it was decided to take such measures as were necessary to circumvent any attempt to deprive the party of the majority of 12.

TENNESSEE.

TAYLOR DEFEATS BUTLER AND ROCK WILL COME BACK.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 7.—Sent official returns from all counties in the First Tennessee Congressional district give the present incumbent, Taylor, Republican, a majority of 800 over Butler, also Republican. It was at first thought that Butler was elected. To the State election official and sent official returns indicate the election of House, Republican, to Congress, by a majority of about 2,000. This is a loss in the district of 2,000 votes. It has heretofore given one of the heaviest Republican majorities in the United States. In East Tennessee the Democrats gain slightly on the legislative ticket.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

AN ALLIANCE VICTORY THAT WILL DEFEAT SENATOR MOORE.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Nov. 7.—Latest returns from South Dakota show that the result is an Alliance victory, and that Louche is elected Governor. The Legislature will also be Alliance, the Republicans conceding the defeat of Senator Moore.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 7.—Returns from 1,354 precincts in this State including 900 precincts in this city give Markham, Republican, for Governor 52,300; Pond, Democratic, 49,529; Markham's plurality 12,771. These figures represent the vote of about two thirds of the precincts of the State.

MICHIGAN.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 7.—The First, Second, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh and Tenth districts return Democratic Congressmen, and the Third, Fourth and Eleventh districts Republican Congressmen. With several precincts to come from in each the Eighth district shows a small Democratic majority and the Ninth a small Republican majority.

MISSOURI.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 7.—Chairman Buchanan of the State Committee says that all except fifteen counties in Kansas give Humphrey (Rep.) for Governor 1,989 plurality, and that these fifteen counties will elect the plurality.

WHAT MR. SPRINGER SAYS.

THE SENATE AND CONGRESS--WHAT MR. SPRINGER SAYS.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—To a reporter, who asked an explanation of his opinion of the results of Tuesday's election, Congressman Springer, who has just been re-elected by over 9,000 majority, said:

Several causes have contributed to the unprecedented success of the Democratic party in this contest. At the beginning of the first session of the present Congress the Republican majority in the House of Representatives, judged with victory in the national contest and eager to show their real partisanship, under the

leadership of Speaker Reed, adopted most arbitrary and despotic methods of legislation, overturned the precedents of a hundred years, and disregarding the principles which should prevail in parliamentary bodies, practically unseated twenty Democratic members who were elected by overwhelming majorities, and passed through the House the Force bill, which was intended to perpetuate the party in supremacy. This policy had the effect of exasperating Democrats to a degree hitherto unknown, and thoroughly disgusted the better element of the Republican party. If there had been heretofore any divisions or dissensions in the Democratic ranks, the partisan and disloyal conduct of Speaker Reed and the Republican majority in the House of Representatives removed it, produced entire harmony in the party, and stimulated the masses of the party to the highest pitch of resistance.

The passage of the McKinley bill furnished a great political issue, upon which Democrats were thoroughly united and the Republicans were fatally divided. The Democratic party now united and determined, seized the opportunity of arousing the country on the tariff question and made a most determined and aggressive fight against the McKinley bill, and a high protective tariff generally. Farmers, organized, which had been forming for many months without political objects began to discuss the tariff as one of the causes of agricultural depression. The more discussion, the greater was the opposition to the McKinley bill, workmen in the cities discovering that the cost of living was being increased without any possible means of increasing wages. Consumers generally were confronted with a condition of more expensive living without increased remuneration. The Democrats have succeeded in establishing the fact that a protective tariff is a tax, and that the increase of such tariff increases the burden to be borne by the mass of the people.

The dissatisfaction resulting from the distribution of Federal patronage has contributed in some instances undoubtedly to the defeat of the Republican Congressmen who were candidates for reelection. The dissatisfaction could have been overcome if there had been a satisfactory Administration of the Government and popular legislation by Congress. If the Republicans should win the majority in the next Congress, they will only aggravate the evils that now afflict them and contribute still further to their future defeats. If they adhere to the McKinley bill, or refuse to repeal or remove the objectionable features, they will enter upon the contest of 1892 with overwhelming defeat already staring them in the face. Their defeat in the Presidential contest will be made still more certain by the conservative and constitutional methods of legislation, which will undoubtedly be adopted by the new House of Representatives, and by the wise, economical and patriotic legislation which it will favor.

CELEBRATION IN THIS CITY.

A SALUTE OF FIFTY-TWO GUNS WILL BE FIRED THIS EVENING.

All arrangements for the firing of a salute of fifty-two guns in honor of the Democratic victory have been completed to-day by the Central Democratic Committee. Battery A, Light Infantry, D. C. N. G., will fire the salute beginning at 6 o'clock in the grounds south of the White House lot. Lieutenant Robbins will be in charge with the following assistants: Sergeant Loney, Corporals Murray and Griffith, Charles Clarke, Hart and Morse; Trumpeter Poeper; Privates Thornton, Murray, Oxley, Howlett, C. E. Campbell, R. L. Campbell, S. J. Shortcut, Kiefer, Chaffield, Ferris, Gaston, Gatchell, Joyce and McCabe.

PORTLAND, ORE., Nov. 7.—Complete returns from all but three counties of the State of Washington give Wilson (Dem.) for Congress 15,090, Carroll (Rep.) 12,021. This is thought to be more than one-half of the total vote. Wilson's complete majority will probably be between 3,000 and 3,500. The Legislature stands Senate, Republicans 17; Democrats 2; doubtful, 1. House, Republicans 61; Democrats 17.

JOE CANNON DAZED.

STILL CHOPPING AND DOESN'T KNOW WHAT STRUCK HIM.

DANVILLE, Ill., Nov. 7.—Congressman Cannon, in an interview said: "Most of the members of the Farmers' Alliance voted with their respective parties, but enough farmer Republicans threw away their votes to weaken the party in this district. The school question, the tariff against the Republicans, and the Democratic candidate for the Legislature made all the pledges asked by certain churches, assuring other Democrats that they did not mean anything by it. The pledges gave them a large vote, especially from the Germans, who voted straight Democratic tickets. The McKinley act, on discussion, was approved by the Republicans, but the campaign was so short that all could not be reached. The Democratic and Magnum misrepresentations as to the provisions and effect, with these other forces, were sufficient to work defeat. To the State election officials are left will be a tower of strength, instead of weakness. Republicans, especially farmers, believe in the American system of protection. The Republicans will clear the deck for action in 1892 and carry the country. The Democrats can't succeed a second time by fraud and falsehood."

AN AWFUL LEAP.

A Prominent Lady Commits Suicide in a Horrible Manner.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Mrs. Little Hildburgh, the wife of Henry Hildburgh, a prominent insurance agent of 306 Broadway, committed suicide at her residence, 42 East Fifty-third street, this morning by throwing herself from a third-story window to the area in front.

TRANSFERRING YOUNG SHAD.

Interesting Event at the Fish Commission Pond to-Morrow.

The Fish Commission will draw the Government shad pond in this city to-morrow morning for the purpose of transferring the young shad to the river. The Commission put about 2,000 young shad in the pond last May, and they have grown to a finger's length and are now ready to be transferred. Commissioner McDonald will superintend the drawing, and he expects to transfer about 1,000,000 young shad to the river, or about twice the number taken from the river during the last year.

WIPED OUT BY FIRE.

A BOX OF 100 INKBLANKETS IN Indiana Destroyed.

PETERSBURG, IND., Nov. 7.—Wipe-out a town of 100 inhabitants. In this (Pike) county, was completely wiped out by fire this morning.

Not Even Under Oath.

Samuel Morris was tried this afternoon in the Police Court for having kept his hat open last Sunday. Two colored men, named Henry Brown and John Hicks, testified to having obtained the hat from Morris' hatkeeper. Both of these have spotted finger stains before. Judge Miller said he could not believe their under oath and dismissed the case.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

BOZEMAN, Nov. 7.—The Supplemental Earnings of the Northern, Northern and Santa Fe Railroad shows: Gross earnings \$2,500,000; Net earnings \$2,250,000. Increase \$250,000.

To Meet Game in the South.

The Interstate Commerce Commission will have Washington for Game, only next week to hear cases in that section of the country in which the Interstate Commerce law is involved.

Issue of Dollar Notes.

The Treasury Department is having new \$1 notes of the rate of 1,000 a day. This issue will continue until the stringency in the market for small notes is overcome.

Recess every day this week at Washington.

## IN THE ROPES

MIKE CUSHING AND AUSTIN GIBBONS FOUGHT THIS MORNING.

THE LATTER WON IN NINETEEN ROUNDS.

No Her Man Was Very Badly Injured in the Mill.

A RATHER PECULIAR KNOCKOUT BLOW.

Gibbons Defeated His Man Two Years Ago--A Crowd of Sporting Men Present--Big Money Wagered.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 7.—The skin glove fight for \$1,000 a side between Austin Gibbons of Paterson and Mike Cushing of Williamsburg, N. Y., took place at an early hour and was a success. Cushing was knocked out in the nineteenth round. The fight has been the leading topic among sporting men since the Dixon-Murphy fight, and a large force of sportsmen accompanied the fighters from New York on Thursday to the rendezvous at Providence.

Betting in New York previous to the fight was \$100 to \$80 on Gibbons. Gibbons defeated Cushing in a twenty-four round fight about a year ago, but Cushing's friends claimed that he was not in condition, hence their anxiety to bring another match on. Both men were heavily backed.

The weights given out were Cushing 127½, Gibbons 132, but people who claim to know say that Gibbons weighed 142 instead of 132. When it was decided to have the fight in this vicinity the matter was left secret and well kept until yesterday afternoon, when the fighting round became known.

As a result the meeting place was filled with sports before the hour set for the mill, and the proprietor of the resort refused to allow the fight to take place on his premises under the apparent conditions. He was argued with from 8 o'clock in the evening until about 2 o'clock when the fight was finally fixed in the ring being finally pitched in a skating rink of one of the summer resorts.

Everything was finally in readiness by 4 o'clock this morning. Time was called at 8 o'clock and the fight was handled by Charles Norton, Jim Gibbons and Howie Hodgkins, while Con McAuliffe, Jack Fogarty and Jack Quinn looked after Cushing. A Providence man was refereed. The disparity in the size of the men was apparent when they faced each other.

Gibbons played his usual walling game, repeatedly backing into his corner after advancing to the call of the bell. He hit Cushing with a right hand, but Cushing was not hurt, and in fact he landed Cushing in the nineteenth round just before he gave him the knock out blow by very tactics.

The blow that hit the business man was the third, a right hander that Gibbons landed in the face of his opponent, and was high up on the cheek bone, where Gibbons had already raised a swelling.

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## NEAR THE CLOSE

ONLY ONE MORE DAY'S RACING AT BENNING.

SILENCE WINS THE FIRST TO-DAY.

The Second Goes to Sir David, Who Finished Ahead of a Good Field.

MABEL CARRIES OFF THE THIRD RACE.

An Effort to Have the Meeting Continued for Another Week--Many Ladies Enjoy the Sport.

THE highly successful meeting of the Jockey Club draws to a close to-day, and the crowd of the meeting was at Benning. The bright sunshine, gay costumes of the many ladies and the large crowd made a picturesque scene. It was an ideal day for racing, and an ideal crowd.

The racing was all that could be asked. The different events were well contested, and as there were small fields the better had excellent chances to come out ahead, and many of them improved the opportunity.

An effort is being made to induce the club to continue the races over next week, but this will hardly be done. Next year we may have a month of racing, but hardly this fall.

Following is a summary of the day's racing:

THE FIRST WAS BY SILENCE.

First race, 5 furlongs--Blanche, 101, Jones, 6 and 2; Tappahannock, 104, Sims, 5 and 2; Silence, 105, Hay, 2 and 3; Bob Garrett, 114, Higgs, 30 and 6; Pericles, 110, Day, 4, 5.

The race--Blanche led at the start, with Pericles a close second. At the quarter Blanche was leading by a length, with Pericles second and Tappahannock third. The situation was the same at the half, and coming in the stretch Blanche was leading, with Pericles second and Silence third. The finish was close, Silence winning, with Pericles second.

ON NOVEMBER IN THE SECOND.

Second race, 5 furlongs--Mithras, 106, Stoval, 3 and 1; Cora S, 105, Black, 20 and 5; Bertie B, 110, 105, Jones, 9 and 5 and 7 to 10; Bliddle Dave, 105, Hayden, 10 and 1; Sir David, 105, Hay, 10 and 1; William H. Kenney, 20 and 8; Virgil, 105, Sims, 3 and 1.

The race--Sir David first, Virgil second, Bertha B third.

THE THIRD WENT TO MABEL.

Third race, 6 furlongs, handicap--Alarm Bell, 101, Hayden, 5 to 2, 30 place bet; Orlene, 104, Sims, 9, 5; Mabel, 115, Ray, 4 to 5.

The race--Mabel first, Orlene second, Alarm Bell third.

Following are the entries in the remaining races:

Fourth race, handicap, 11 miles--Dyspey Queen, 101; Isberg, 60; Prather, 114. Fifth race, 4 miles--Fannie, 110; Hay, 10 and 1; William H. Kenney, 20 and 8; Virgil, 105, Sims, 3 and 1.

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